



Pilot Project for a Neighbourhood Improvement District in Steilshoop ("Styles-Hope")

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Outline of the presentation

- 1. Brief history of Urban Improvement Districts
- 2. The Neighbourhood Improvement District Model
- 3. Pilot Project: NID Steilshoop in Hamburg
- 4. Remarks and Comments







0. Preliminary Remarks

Private Initiatives in Urban Development

- Private stakeholders = proprietors and landowner
- Increasing importance in Germany
- Part of the Federal Building Code since 2006
- Variety of models from voluntary and informal activities to legal instruments like BIDs + HIDs
- Additional to public funded strategies







1. Brief history of Urban Improvement Districts

- Urban Improvement Districts: Generic term for Business, Housing, Neighbourhood, Multifamily etc. Improvement Districts
- North-American Model for private initiatives with self assessment - especially BID
- Original an example for privatist tradition of urban development and a weak public sector in Anglo-American countries







1. Brief history of Urban Improvement Districts

Constitutive features of the UID-model:

- Self-organisation of private stakeholders
 (ie. proprietors in Germany businesspeople in UK);
- Joint financing via an obligatory levy (no free-riders);
- Legally defined area;
- Limited duration (max. 5 years each);
- Broad spectrum of activities possible, e.g. placemaking and place-keeping in the public realm
- Additionally to public sector activities







1. Brief history of Urban Improvement Districts

Transfer of the UID model to Europe

- Transfer of the BID-model to Europe in the late 1990s
- Legislative models today only in the UK, Ireland and in Germany (voluntary models in other countries)
- Transfer of BID-model to residential areas as Neighbourhood (Housing) Improvement Districts 2007 in Hamburg (German Federal State)







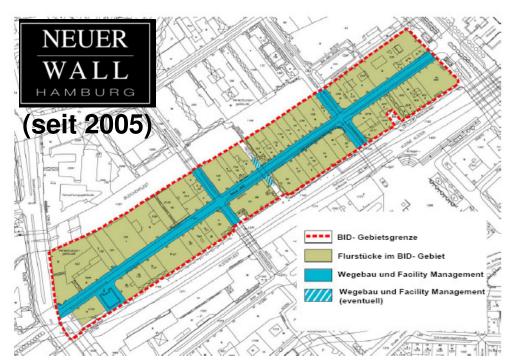
Federal State	Specific UID Legislation	UID-Projects in Implementation
Bremen	BID-Legislation: Bremisches Gesetz zur Stärkung von Einzelhandels- und Dienstleistungszentren (July 2006)	BID Ansgarikirchhof BID Das Viertel
Hamburg	BID-Legislation: Gesetz zur Stärkung der Einzelhandels- und Dienstleistungszentren (GSED) (December 2004 / Amendments in November 2007)	BID Sachsentor Bergedorf 2 BID Neuer Wall 2.0 BID Wandsbek Markt BID Lüneburger Straße Harburg BID Alte Holstenstraße Bergedorf BID Hohe Bleichen Heuberg OXBID
Hamburg	HID/NID-Legislation: Gesetz zur Stärkung von Wohnquartieren durch private Initiativen (December 2007)	No HID/NID in implementation yet HID to come in Steilshoop
Hesse	BID-Legislation: Gesetz zur Stärkung von innerstädtischen Geschäftsquartieren (INGE) (January 2006)	 4 BIDs in der Giessener Innenstadt: Seltersweg, Katharinenviertel, Markt- quartier und Theaterpark BID Baunatal
North Rhine- Westphalia	BID-Legislation: Gesetz über Immobilien- und Standortgemeinschaften (ISGG) (June 2008)	No BID in implementation yet
Saarland	BID-Legislation: Gesetz zur Schaffung von Bündnissen für Innovation und Dienstleistungen (BIDG) (May 2007)	• BID Burbach - Saarbrücken
Schleswig-Holstein	BID-Legislation: Gesetz über die Einrichtung von Partnerschaften zur Attraktivierung von City-, Dienstleistungs- und Tourismusbereichen (PACT) vom (July 2006)	PACT Flensburg (City Centre) PACT Elmshorn PACT Schmuggelstieg (Norderstedt) PACT Rendsburg

Overview: UID-Legislation and Projects in Implementation in Germany Source: Stefan Kreutz / HCU

November 2010

Budgets of UID-Projects in Germany		
Range of Budget	Project	
less than 10.000 Euro	• PACT Elmshorn (3.000 €) • PACT Rendsbulg (3.500 €)	
10.000 - 100.000 Euro	• BID Baunatal (40.000 €)	
100.000 – 200.000 Euro	 BID Sachsentor Bergedorf 1 (150.000 €) BID Ansgarikirchhof / Bremen (150.000 €) BID Theaterpark / Gießen (158.000 €) OXBID / Hamburg (172.000 €) PACT Schmuggelstieg /Norderstedt (184.000 €) 	
200.000 – 500.000 Euro	 BID Katharinenviertel / Gießen (303.000 €) BID Alte Holstenstraße Bergedorf (333.000 €) BID Burbach / Saarbrücken (500.000 €) 	
500.000 – 1.000.000 Euro	 BID Lüneburger Straße Harburg (549.000 €) BID Sachsentor Bergedorf 2 (600.000 €) BID Marktquartier / Gießen (624.500 €) 	
more than 1.000.000 Euro	 BID Seltersweg / Gießen (1.101.000 €) BID Das Viertel / Bremen (1.100.000 €) BID Hohe Bleichen Heuberg (2.000.000 €) BID Neuer Wall 2.0 (3.184.000 €) BID Wandsbek Markt (3.990.000 €) PACT Flenslurg (4.000.000 €) BID Neuer Wall (5.966.000 €) 	

Overview: Budgets of UID-Projects in Germany Source: Stefan Kreutz / HCU



















Public standard in the public realm before...













Quelle: BSU Hamburg







... and BID standard after redesign















Quelle: Cordelia Ewerth























2. The Neighbourhood Improvement District Model

Neighbourhood Improvement Districts

- Transfer of the legislative BID-model to areas with other functions, i.e. residential or mixed-use areas
- Hamburg Law applicable since December 1st 2007: New law with only slight amendments (almost 1:1 adoption of the existing BID law)
- Pilot-project for a NID in Steilshoop estate ongoing process since the beginning in early 2007
- NID <u>not</u> formally designated up to today







2. The Neighbourhood Improvement District Model

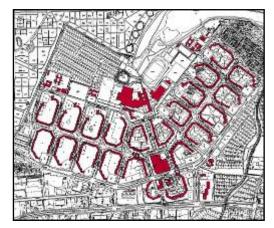
Specific attributes of the Hamburg NIDs

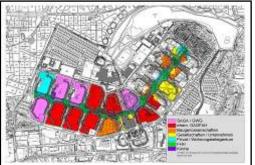
- Compulsory self-assessment on real property
 - = self-taxing funding mechanism of the proprietors
- Quorum for the obligatory proprietor-ballot: min. 30 % positive votes / max. 30 % negative
- Clearly defined area
- Limited period of time (max. five years)
- Management / Implementation through third party
- Additionality ("on top"): complementary services, e.g. enhanced services (street cleaning), capital improvements (public realm), marketing activities





















Sources: Ellen Fiedelmeier 2008, Bezirksamt Wandsbek







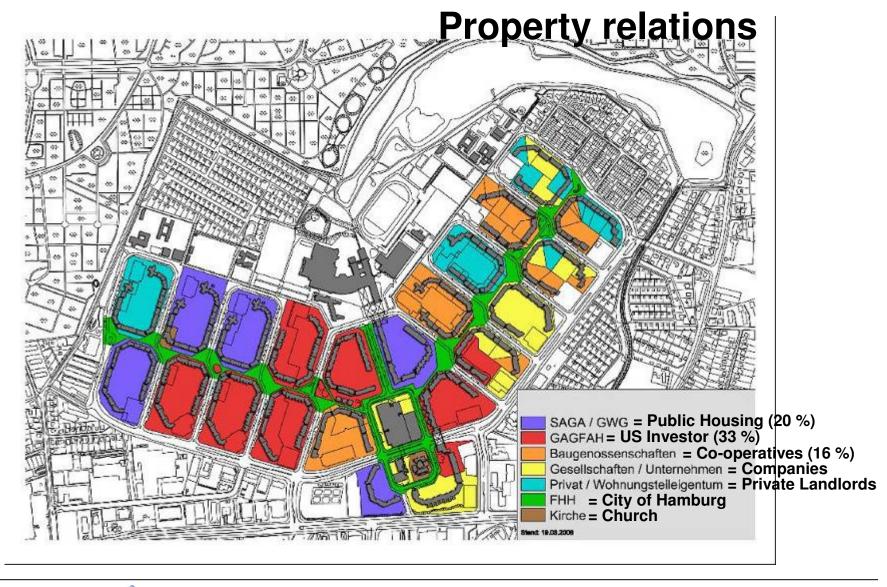
Steilshoop: Europe's first NID?

- Housing estate built between 1969 and 1975
- 6.380 dwellings
- 14.300 inhabitants
- Urban renewal programme from 1987 1999: more than 13 million Euros of public funds
- Largest proprietor GAGFAH (2.160 dwellings) sold to US Fortress Investment Group in 2004
- Negative image, declining quality of public spaces, worsening local amenities (shopping centre)







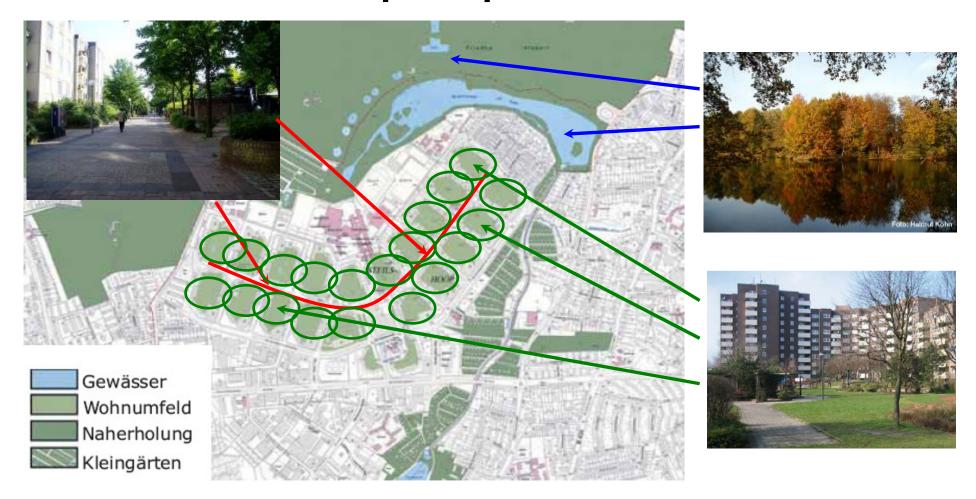








Public and Private Open Spaces in the estate









Steering Committee for the NID Steilshoop since 2007

ProprietorsPrivate Stakeholders

- GAGFAH Group
- · SAGA / GWG
- · Drei Genossenschaften
- · EKZ Steilshoop

Definition of tasks and private funding

Public Partners

- Behörde für Stadtentwicklung und Umwelt / Amt LP
- Bezirksamt Wandsbek /
 Amt Sozialraummanagement
- Hamburgische Wohnungsbaukreditanstalt
- Weitere städtische Dienststellen

Guidance and public funding

External Expertise

- · HCU / Begleitforschung
- · Stadtreinigung Hamburg
- · Planungsbüros / Gutachter

Consulting and expertise

Zusammensetzung in 2007







The process

- Over 40 meetings of the Steering Committee between March 2007 and December 2010
- Large meeting of all proprietors from the estate in January 2009
- Working Groups on several issues, e.g. Redesign of the open space, Improvement of maintenance, Image improvement
- Several Meetings and talks with administration, residents and other partners involved
- Supporting Management active since end of 2007







Results of the NID-process in Steilshoop so far

1. Improved area-based communication

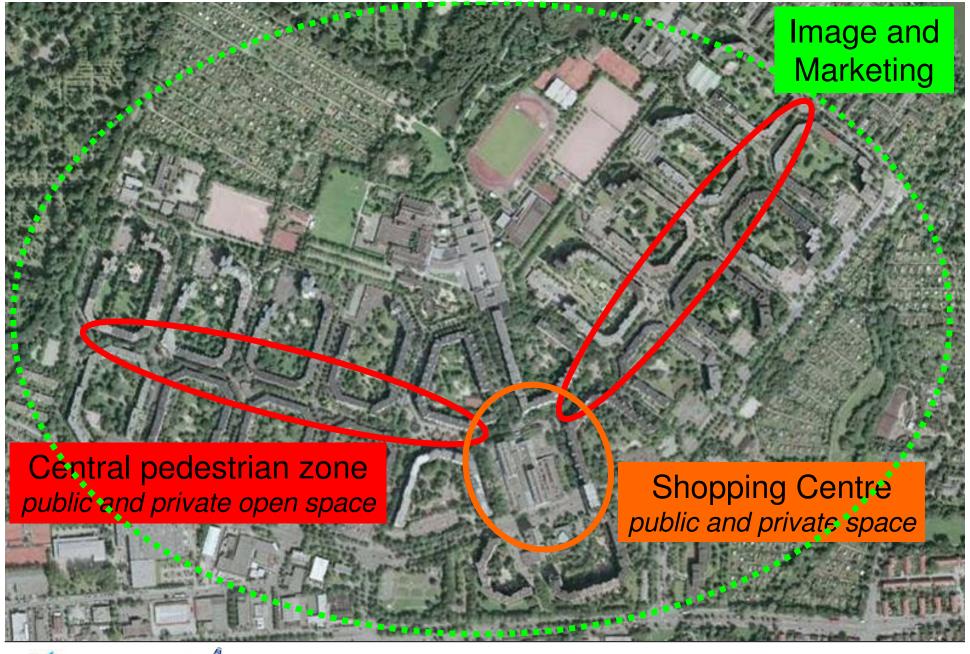
2. Development of a Business Plan proposal:

- Complete redesign of the central pedestrian zone
- Improved groundskeeping of public and private spaces in the central pedestrian zone
- Joint Marketing and image-campaign
- 3. Calculation of costs and of the NID-leverage approx. 7,5 million Euros investment envisaged
- 4. Improvement of groundskeeping already achieved















Place-making

- Competition for the redesign of the central pedestrian zone in 2007/08
- Participation process with the community
- Working-Group of proprietors and architects
- Development of a design-concept
- Investment of approx. 5 million € envisaged









Sources: Verfahrensmanagement INQ, Topotek















Place-making:

Envisaged redesign of central pedestrian zone









Place-making:

Envisaged redesign of central pedestrian zone









Place-making:

Envisaged redesign of central pedestrian zone









Place-making:

Envisaged redesign of central pedestrian zone



Design-Draft: Topotek 1 / Berlin







Place-making:

Envisaged redesign of central pedestrian zone









Place-making:

Envisaged redesign of central pedestrian zone

























Place-making:

Envisaged redesign of central pedestrian zone









Place-making:

Envisaged redesign of central pedestrian zone









Place-keeping

- Focus on groundskeeping in the central and western part
- Working-group with all relevant stakeholders
- Clarification of tasks and frequencies
- Improved coordination of groundskeeping
- "Kümmerer" in place
- No extra costs but improved quality!
- Investment of 200.000 € envisaged for NID implementation



Sources: Stadtreinigung Hamburg

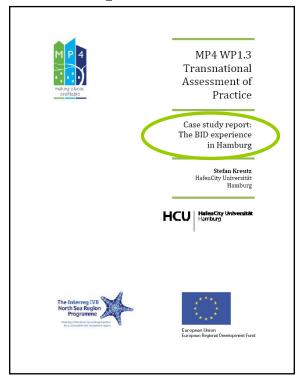


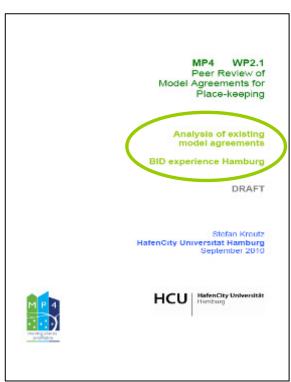




Detailed information available on UID experience in MP4 reports and documents















4. Remarks and Comments

Comments on the NID Model

- Implementation of the NID model still to come
- Additional instrument in the tool-box of urban regeneration and development – not a substitute
- No influence on private property
- <u>Suitability</u>: NID model is not suitable for every neighbourhood, e.g. not for neglected / deprived areas with inactive and/or poor proprietors
- Urban Improvement Districts need <u>strong and</u> articulate proprietors to be successful







4. Remarks and Comments

Comments on joint proprietor activities

- Intense organisational support necessary
- Differences between professional housing companies and "amateur" landlords / owner-occupiers
- Visible small scale activities helpful for a start
- Pooling of activities is leading to saving effects
- Joint activities of private and public stakeholders are especially useful for place-making and place-keeping







4. Remarks and Comments

Concluding remarks

- Joint proprietor activities in urban development are a fairly new issue in Germany
- Cultural change of attitudes and expectations
- Even small and simple solutions need intense communication and professional organisation
- Area-based communication is important
- Variety of models allows tailor-made solutions from informal cooperation to formalised partnerships







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